PC-HELPER

100KSPS 16-bit Analog Output Board for PCI Express Low Profile 16ch type

AO-1616L-LPE

8ch type

AO-1608L-LPE

User's Guide

CONTEC CO., LTD.

Check Your Package

Thank you for purchasing the CONTEC product.

The product consists of the items listed below.

Check, with the following list, that your package is complete. If you discover damaged or missing items, contact your retailer.

Product Configuration List

- Board (One of the following) ...1 [AO-1616L-LPE or AO-1608L-LPE]
- First step guide ... 1
- Disk *1 [API-PAC(W32)] ...1
- Standard-sized bracket...1
- Warranty Certificate...1
- Serial number label...1
- *1 Driver software and User's Guide (this guide)







Board

First step guide





Standard size bracket

Warranty Certificate

Disk *1 [API-PAC(W32)]

Serial No. Label

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AO-1616L-LPE, AO-1608L-LPE

1. Before Using the Product

About the Board

This product is a Low Profile PCI Express bus-compliant interface board used to provide an analog signal output function on a PC.

AO-1616L-LPE is multifunction type with 16-bit analog output 16 channels, digital I/O and counter function.

AO-1608L-LPE is multifunction type with 16-bit analog output 8 channels, digital I/O and counter function.

This product carries buffer memory for 1K of data, allowing sampling to be performed in a variety of trigger / clock conditions.

Windows/Linux driver is bundled with this product.

Possible to be used as a data recording device for MATLAB and LabVIEW, with dedicated libraries.

Features

- High precision analog output 16 channels and 8 channels, each 4 channels for digital I/O, counter 1 channel

AO-1616L-LPE has analog output (10µsec, 16-bit, 16 channels), analog output control signal (LVTTL level 3 channels), digital I/O (each 4 channels for LVTTL level), counter (32-bit, LVTTL level 1 channel).

AO-1608L-LPE has analog output (10μ sec, 16-bit, 8 channels), analog output control signal (LVTTL level 3 channels), digital I/O (each 4 channels for LVTTL level), counter (32-bit, LVTTL level 1 channel).

- The start/end of sampling can be controlled by software, an external trigger, etc.

You can select from software, an external trigger to control the start of sampling. You can select from completion of sampling for a specified number of sessions, an external trigger or software to control forcibly the end of sampling. The sampling cycle can be selected from the internal clock or an external clock.

- Safety design to adjust output voltage to 0V when power supply is turned on

To prevent the unstable voltage and the connected device of D/A converter from fault and malfunctions when the power supply is turned on, the circuit is designed to adjust output voltage of the analog output to 0V.

- Equipped with buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format The block contains buffer memory (1K data) that can be used in the FIFO or RING format. This allows for background analog output that does not depend on the operation status of the software or PC.

- Digital filter function included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on external signals A digital filter is included to prevent misdetection due to chattering on the control signal (external trigger input signal, sampling clock input signal, etc.), digital input signal and counter input signal. (Except from external clock input signal and counter gate signal) - Functions and connectors are compatible with PCI compatible board DA16-16(LPCI)L, DA16-8(LPCI)L

AO-1616L-LPE : The functions same with PCI compatible board DA16-16(LPCI)L are provided. AO-1608L-LPE : The functions same with PCI compatible board DA16-8(LPCI)L are provided. In addition, as there is compatibility in terms of connector shape and pin assignments, it is easy to migrate from the existing system.

- Support for both of low-profile and standard PCI slots (interchangeable with a bundled bracket) This product has each bracket for both low-profile size slot and standard size slot. If you wish to mount this product in a standard size slot, replace this with the standard size bracket.

- Software-based calibration function

Calibration of analog output can be all performed by software. Apart from the adjustment information prepared before shipment, additional adjustment information can be stored according to the use environment.

- Windows/Linux compatible driver libraries are attached.

Using the attached driver library API-PAC(W32) makes it possible to create applications of Window/Linux. In addition, a diagnostic program by which the operations of hardware can be checked is provided.

- MATLAB and LabVIEW is supported by a plug-in of dedicated library VI-DAQ. Using the dedicated library MATLAB and VI-DAQ makes it possible to make a LabVIEW application.

Support Software

You should use CONTEC support software according to your purpose and development environment.

Windows version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(WDM)

[Stored on the bundled CD-ROM driver library API-PAC(W32)]

The API-AIO(WDM) is the Windows version driver library software that provides products in the form of Win32 API functions (DLL). Various sample programs such as Visual Basic and Visual C++, etc and diagnostic program *1useful for checking operation is provided.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Linux version of analog I/O driver API-AIO(LNX)

[Stored on the bundled CD-ROM driver library API-PAC(W32)]

The API-AIO(LNX) is the Linux version driver software which provides device drivers (modules) by shared library and kernel version. Various sample programs of gcc are provided.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data Acquisition library for MATLAB ML-DAQ

(Available for downloading (free of charge) from the CONTEC web site.)

This is the library software which allows you to use our analog I/O device products on MATLAB by The MathWorks. Each function is offered in accordance with the interface which is integrated in MATLAB's Data Acquisition Toolbox.

For more details on the supported OS, applicable language and new information, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Data acquisition VI library for LabVIEW VI-DAQ

(Available for downloading (free of charge) from the CONTEC web site.)

This is a VI library to use in National Instruments LabVIEW.

VI-DAQ is created with a function form similar to that of LabVIEW's Data Acquisition VI, allowing you to use various devices without complicated settings.

For more details on the library and download of VI-DAQ, please visit the CONTEC's Web site.

Cable & Connector (Option)

Shield Cable with 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connectors at either Ends :	PCB50PS-0.5P (0.5m)
:	PCB50PS-1.5P (1.5m)
Shield Cable with 50-Pin Mini-Ribbon Connector at one End :	PCA50PS-0.5P (0.5m)
:	PCA50PS-1.5P (1.5m)

Accessories (Option)

Screw Terminal Unit (M3 x 50P) : EPD-50A *1*2

*1 PCB50PS-0.5P or PCB50PS-1.5P optional cable is required separately.

*2 "Spring-up" type terminal is used to prevent terminal screws from falling off.

* Check the CONTEC's Web site for more information on these options.

Customer Support

CONTEC provides the following support services for you to use CONTEC products more efficiently and comfortably.

Web Site

https://www.contec.com/

Latest product information

CONTEC provides up-to-date information on products.

CONTEC also provides product manuals and various technical documents in the PDF.

Free download

You can download updated driver software and differential files as well as sample programs available in several languages.

Note! For product information

Contact your retailer if you have any technical question about a CONTEC product or need its price, delivery time, or estimate information.

Limited Three-Years Warranty

CONTEC products are warranted by CONTEC CO., LTD. to be free from defects in material and workmanship for up to three years from the date of purchase by the original purchaser. Repair will be free of charge only when this device is returned freight prepaid with a copy of the original invoice and a Return Merchandise Authorization to the distributor or the CONTEC group office, from which it was purchased.

This warranty is not applicable for scratches or normal wear, but only for the electronic circuitry and original boards. The warranty is not applicable if the device has been tampered with or damaged through abuse, mistreatment, neglect, or unreasonable use, or if the original invoice is not included, in which case repairs will be considered beyond the warranty policy.

How to Obtain Service

For replacement or repair, return the device freight prepaid, with a copy of the original invoice. Please obtain a Return Merchandise Authorization number (RMA) from the CONTEC group office where you purchased before returning any product.

* No product will be accepted by CONTEC group without the RMA number.

Liability

The obligation of the warrantor is solely to repair or replace the product. In no event will the warrantor be liable for any incidental or consequential damages due to such defect or consequences that arise from inexperienced usage, misuse, or malfunction of this device.

AO-1616L-LPE, AO-1608L-LPE

Safety Precautions

Understand the following definitions and precautions to use the product safely.

Safety Information

This document provides safety information using the following symbols to prevent accidents resulting in injury or death and the destruction of equipment and resources. Understand the meanings of these labels to operate the equipment safely.

▲ DANGER	DANGER indicates an imminently hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury.
▲ WARNING	WARNING indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury.
A CAUTION	CAUTION indicates a potentially hazardous situation which, if not avoided, may result in minor or moderate injury or in property damage.

Handling Precautions

▲ DANGER

Do not use the product where it is exposed to flammable or corrosive gas. Doing so may result in an explosion, fire, electric shock, or failure.

A CAUTION

- There are switches and jumpers on the board that need to be set in advance. Be sure to check these before installing the board.
- Only set the switches and jumpers on the board to the specified settings. Otherwise, the board may malfunction, overheat, or cause a failure.
- Do not strike or bend the board.
 Otherwise, the board may malfunction, overheat, cause a failure or breakage.
- Do not touch the board's metal plated terminals (edge connector) with your hands.
 Otherwise, the board may malfunction, overheat, or cause a failure.
 If the terminals are touched by someone's hands, clean the terminals with industrial alcohol.
- Do not plug or unplug the cables which are connected to the board while the PC or expansion unit is still turned on.

Otherwise, the board may malfunction, overheat, or cause a failure. Be sure that the personal computer power is turned off.

- Make sure that your PC or expansion unit can supply ample power to all the boards installed. Insufficiently energized boards could malfunction, overheat, or cause a failure.
- When the power supply is turned on, the output voltage of all channels becomes 0 V.
- The specifications of this product are subject to change without notice for enhancement and quality improvement.

Even when using the product continuously, be sure to read the manual and understand the contents.

- Do not modify the product. CONTEC will bear no responsibility for any problems, etc., resulting from modifying this product.
- Regardless of the foregoing statements, CONTEC is not liable for any damages whatsoever (including damages for loss of business profits) arising out of the use or inability to use this CONTEC product or the information contained herein.
- Regarding "CE EMC Directive Notice".
 Please connect the Interface Connector with a shielded cable to meet the mentioned standard above.

Environment

Use this product in the following environment. If used in an unauthorized environment, the board may overheat, malfunction, or cause a failure.

Operating temperature

0 - $50^{\circ}\mathrm{C}$

Operating humidity

10 - 90%RH (No condensation)

Corrosive gases

None

Floating dust particles

Not to be excessive

Inspection

Inspect the product periodically as follows to use it safely.



Storage

When storing this product, keep it in its original packing form.

- (1) Put the board in the storage bag.
- (2) Wrap it in the packing material, then put it in the box.
- (3) Store the package at room temperature at a place free from direct sunlight, moisture, shock, vibration, magnetism, and static electricity.

Disposal

When disposing of the product, follow the disposal procedures stipulated under the relevant laws and municipal ordinances.

2. Setup

This chapter explains how to set up the board.

What is Setup?

Setup means a series of steps to take before the product can be used. Different steps are required for software and hardware. The setup procedure varies with the OS and applications used.

Using the Board under Windows

Using the Driver Library API-PAC(W32)

This section describes the setup procedure to be performed before you can start developing application programs for the board using the bundled CD-ROM "Driver Library API-PAC(W32)".

Taking the following steps sets up the software and hardware. You can use the diagnosis program later to check whether the software and hardware function normally.

Step 1 Installing the Software

Step 2 Setting the Hardware

Step 3 Installing the Hardware

Step 4 Initializing the Software

Step 5 Checking Operations with the Diagnosis Program

If Setup fails to be performed normally, see the "Setup Troubleshooting" section at the end of this chapter.

Using the Board under Windows

Using Software Other than the Driver Library API-PAC(W32)

For setting up software other than API-PAC(W32), refer to the manual for that software. See also the following parts of this manual as required.

This chapter Step 2 Setting the Hardware This chapter Step 3 Installing the Hardware Chapter 3 External Connection Chapter 6 About Hardware

Using the board under an OS other than Windows

For using the board under Linux, see the following parts of this manual.

This chapter Step 2 Setting the Hardware Chapter 3 External Connection Chapter 5 About Software Chapter 6 About Hardware

For using the board under an OS other than Windows and Linux, see the following parts of this manual.

This chapter Step 2 Setting the Hardware

Chapter 3 External Connection

Chapter 6 About Hardware

Step 1 Installing the Software

This section describes how to install the Driver libraries.

Before installing the hardware on your PC, install the Driver libraries from the bundled API-PAC(W32).

Although some user interfaces are different depending on the OS used, the basic procedure is the same.

About the Driver

Two Analog I/O drivers are available : API-AIO(WDM) and API-AIO(98/PC).

Please use the API-AIO(WDM) with this board. API-AIO(98/PC) is not supported.

Starting the Install Program

- (1) Load the CD-ROM [API-PAC(W32)] on your PC.
- (2) **The API-PAC(W32) Installer window appears automatically.** If the panel does not appear, run (CD-ROM drive letter):\AUTORUN.exe.
- (3) Click on the [Install Development or Execution Environment] button.

🥘 CONTEC API-PAC (W32) DRIVER LIBRARY
Driver Library API-PAC (W32)
Driver & Development Tools
Install Development or Execution Environment
Install API-TOOL utilities
Refer to Hardware User's Guide
Ver.Jan.2007 Release Note
Measurement Software
Install Data Logger Software C-LOGGER Ver.1.13
CONTEC

A CAUTION -

Before installing the software in Windows Vista, XP, Server 2003, 2000, or NT, log in as a user with administrator privileges.

Selecting API-AIO(WDM)

- (1) The following dialog box appears to select "Driver to install" and "Install option", "Usage of driver library".
- (2) Select the "High Functionality WDM Analog I/O driver".
- (3) Click on the [Install] button.

river to install					Install option
		Full	Runtime	Detail	Full
API-AIO[WDM]	Advanced Analog VO driver	(•	0		Every files such as drivers,
API-AI0[98/PC]	Classic Analog VO driver	æ	e	API-AIO	helps, samples and utilities are installed.
API-CNT(WDM)	Advanced Counter input driver	G	0		
API-CNT(98/PC)	Classic Counter input driver	G	0	API-CNT	Runtime
API-DIOIWDMI	Advanced Digital I/O driver	æ	c		Minimum driver files to control the devices are installed
API-DI0[98/PC]	Classic Digital I/O driver	æ	0	API-DIO	are devices are instance.
API-GPIB(98/PC	Classic GPIB communication	G	0		Usage of driver library
C API-GPLV[W32]	GPIB driver for LabVIEW	G	0		To use driver library, [Hardware installation] and [Initial setting]
API-SIO(98/PC)	Classic Serial communication	æ	0		must be done. Please refer to the following explanation.
API-SMC(WDM)	Advanced Motion control driver	e	0		
API-SMC(98/PC)	Classic Motion control driver	G	0	API-SMC	Usage of classic driver
API-TIMER(W32	On board system timer driver	æ	c		Usage of advanced driver
PAIO(WDM) and API control CONTEC Ana	AIO(98/PC) are the driver library log input/output devices.	used	with Window	s 🖄	
confirm the differen	an hebrary ADLAIONNDED and A	DLAIO	00800		
ease refer to detailed	tioformation	PTAIU	[add.c]		

* Clicking the [Detail] button displays detailed information about API-AIO(WDM) and API-AIO(98/PC).

Executing the Installation

- (1) Complete the installation by following the instructions on the screen.
- (2) The Readme file appears when the installation is complete.

You have now finished installing the software.

Step 2 Setting the Hardware

This section describes how to set the board and plug it on your PC.

The board has some switches and jumper to be preset.

Check the on-board switches and jumpers before plugging the board into an expansion slot.

The board can be set up even with the factory defaults untouched. You can change board settings later.

Replacing the Bracket

This board is shipped with a Low Profile size bracket mounted. To plug the board into a standard size slot, replace the bracket with the bundled standard-sized bracket. The replacing method is as follows :



Use a flathead screwdriver or hexagonal spanner to undo and tighten the screws.

Figure 2.1. Replacing the Bracket

Parts of the Board and Factory Defaults

Figure 2.2. shows the names of major parts on the board.

Note that the switch setting shown below is the factory default.



Figure 2.2. Part Names

Setting the Board ID

If you install two or more boards on one personal computer, assign a different ID value to each of the boards to distinguish them.

The board IDs can be set from 0 - Fh to identify up to sixteen boards.

If only one board is used, the original factory setting (Board ID = 0) should be used.

Setting Procedure

To set the board ID, use the rotary switch on the board. Turn the SW1 knob to set the board ID as shown below.



Figure 2.3. Board ID Settings (SW1)

Plugging the Board

- (1) Before plugging the board, shut down the system, unplug the power code of your PC.
- (2) Remove the cover from the PC so that the board can be mounted.
- (3) Plug the board into an expansion slot.
- (4) Attach the board bracket to the PC with a screw.
- (5) Put the cover back into place.



A CAUTION -

- Do not touch the board's metal plated terminals (edge connector) with your hands.
 Otherwise, the board may malfunction, overheat, or cause a failure.
 If the terminals are touched by someone's hands, clean the terminals with industrial alcohol.
- Do not install or remove the board to or from the slot while the computer's power is turned on.
 Otherwise, the board may malfunction, overheat, or cause a failure.
 Doing so could cause trouble. Be sure that the personal computer or the I/O expansion unit power is turned off.
- Make sure that your PC or expansion unit can supply ample power to all the boards installed. Insufficiently energized boards could malfunction, overheat, or cause a failure.

Step 3 Installing the Hardware

Windows needs to detect the I/O address and interrupt used by the board. This is called hardware installation.

When using more than one board, install the boards one at a time and do not install the next board until setup is complete for the previous board.

Turning on the PC

Turn on the power to your PC.



- The board cannot be properly installed unless the resources (I/O addresses and interrupt level) for the board can be allocated. Before attempting to install the board, first determine what PC resources are free to use.
- The resources used by each board do not depend on the location of the PCI bus slot or the board itself. If you remove two or more boards that have already been installed and then remount one of them on the computer, it is unknown that which one of the sets of resources previously assigned to the two boards is assigned to the remounted board. In this case, you must check the resource settings.

Using the API-AIO(WDM)

- (1) When the "Found New Hardware Wizard" opens, select "Install the software automatically [Recommended]" and then click the "Next" button.
- * The wizard may not appear for some OS versions and instead the installation will start automatically. In this case, proceed to the software initial setup step.

Found New Hardware Wizard						
	Welcome to the Found New Hardware Wizard					
	This wizard helps you install software for:					
	Multimedia Controller					
- And	If your hardware came with an installation CD or floppy disk, insert it now.					
	What do you want the wizard to do?					
	 Install the software automatically [Recommended] Install from a list or specific location (Advanced) 					
	Click Next to continue.					
<b ch.="" next=""> Cancel						

< If using Windows 98 or Windows Me >

If using Windows 98 or Windows Me, specify the folder that contains the setup information (INF) file from the CD-ROM.

Source folder

The setup information file (INF) is contained in the following folder on the bundled CD-ROM.



You have now finished installing the software.

Step4 Initializing the Software

The driver library requires the initial setting to recognize the execution environment. It is called the initialization of the Driver library.

When Using API-DIO(WDM)

API-DIO(WDM) is initialized automatically during hardware installation. Therefore, if you want to use it with its initial settings, you can skip the setting procedure described in Step 4. To change the device name, follow the setting procedure shown below.

Setting the device name

 Run Device Manager. From [My Computer] - [Control Panel], select [System] and then select the [Device Manager] tab.

(You can also open Device Manager by right clicking on My Computer and selecting Properties.)



(2) The installed hardware appears under the CONTEC Devices node. Open the CONTEC Devices node and select the device you want to setup (the device name should appear highlighted). Click [Properties]. (3) The property page for the device opens.

Enter the device name in the common settings tab page and then click [OK]. The device name you set here is used later when programming.

AIC ADA	16-32/2(C	B)F P.o	perties	? 🛛
General Setti Dev Boa	Common S ng rice Name rd ID	ettings D		The name of the board you have just added is displayed. - AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE
Dia	gnosis	Calibra	ation	
				OK Cancel

- * The initial device name that appears is a default value. You can use this default name if you wish.
- * Make sure that you do not use the same name for more than one device.

You have now finished installing the initial setting of Software.

Step 5 Checking Operations with the Diagnosis Program

Use the diagnosis program to check that the board and driver software work normally, thereby you can confirm that they have been set up correctly.

What is the Diagnosis Program?

The diagnosis program diagnoses the states of the board and driver software.

It can also be used as a simple checker when an external device is actually connected.

Using the "Diagnosis Report" feature reports the driver settings, the presence or absence of the board, I/O status, and interrupt status.

Check Method

To check the analog output data, connect to an external signal source.

The figure below shows an example of checking by connecting to an external signal. The analog output example illustrated below is an example of using analog output channel 0. Use the diagnosis program to perform an operation check.

Connection diagram



Figure 2.4. Connection diagram

Using the Diagnosis Program

Starting the Diagnosis Program

Click the [Diagnosis] button on the device property page to start the diagnosis program.

AIC ADA16-32/2(CB)F Propert	ies	? 🛛
General Common Settings Driver Setting Device Name A10000 Board ID 0 Diagnosis Calibration	AO-1616L-1 - AO-1608L-1	ne board added is LPE LPE
CONTEC DIAGNOSIS PROCRAM for Analog Inpul/Ob Device Name Diagnost Addate 32/2(05)F Device 32/2(05)F	Apul	 * The name of the board you have just added is displayed. - AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE

Analog output

You can select the desired output channel and output range from the lists.

You can set the output data to DC (constant voltage), sine wave, or square wave.

Digital I/O

The upper row of circular lamps indicates the digital input states. Red indicates the bit is ON and brown indicates OFF.

Clicking the lower row of switches turns the digital output bits ON or OFF.

Counter input

Selecting a counter channel displays the count value and state of that counter channel. Clicking the zero clear button resets the count to zero.

Diagnosis Report

 The diagnosis report saves detailed data, including the device settings and settings for each channel, to a text file and displays the file for you to view.

Clicking [Diagnosis Report] prompts you to specify where to save the report text file.

<pre>Ele Edt Fgmat Yew Heb CONTEC Analog I/O diagnostic report ** CAioDiag.exe program ** Date:2004/03/06 07:08:09 OS:Microsoft windows xp 5.1.2600 Service Pack 1 // Child Content of the board you have just added is displayed. - AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE // Child Content of the board you have just added is displayed. - AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE // Child Content of the board you have just added is displayed. - AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE // 2003/10/31 01:30 G:WithoowS\SYSTEM32\CATO.LL G:WithoowS\SYSTEM32\CATO.LL G:WithoowS\SYSTEM32\CATO.LL G:WithoowS\SYSTEM32\CATO.P32.LT G:WithoowS\SYSTEM32\SYSTEM32\CATO.P32.LT G:WithoowS\SYSTEM32\CATO.P32.LT G</pre>	CAioRep.txt - Notepad	
CONTEC Analog I/O diagnostic report ** CAiobiag.exe program ** Date:2004/03/06 07:03:09 OS :Microsoft Windows XP 5.1.2600 Service Pack 1 Device information] Device Name ATO000 Device ADAG6-32/2(CB)F (File Information] G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.DLL 1, 3, 0, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.ELX 1, 0, 0, 1 2001/10/26 01:13 G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.ELX 1, 1, 2, 0 2003/05/29 01:13 G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.ELX 1, 1, 2, 0 2003/05/29 01:13 G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.ELX 1, 1, 4, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.ELX 1, 1, 4, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.EXE 1, 1, 4, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CA	<u>File E</u> dit F <u>o</u> rmat <u>V</u> iew <u>H</u> elp	
<pre>W* CAtobia.exe program w* Date:2004/05/06 07:08:09 05 :Microsoft Windows xp 5.1.2600 Service Pack 1 [Device information] pevice NAD16-32/2(CB)F</pre>	CONTEC Analog I/O diagnostic report	The name of the board
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<pre>[File Information] ::\windows\system32\cAto.DLL 1, 3, 0, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 0, 0, 1 2001/10/26 01:13 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 0, 0, 1 2001/10/26 01:13 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 0, 0, 1 2003/08/27 01:13 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 1, 1, 2, 0 2003/08/27 01:13 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 1, 1, 2, 0 2003/08/27 01:12 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 1, 1, 2, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 1, 1, 2, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 :\windows\system32\cAtoEssAcE.OC 1, 1, 1, 4, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 :Initial result [0] Normality completion Analog input 32CH Input mothod:singleend CH00 [0] Normality completion DATA: 0.16(6200hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH02 [0] Normality completion DATA: 0.16(6200hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH02 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.70(7701hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH02 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH04 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH04 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH06 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH07 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH08 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH09 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH10 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH11 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(746hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH12 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.43(7A64hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH13 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.43(7A64hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH14 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.43(7A64hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH14 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(7A64hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH14 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(7A64hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V C</pre>	[Device information] Device Name AIO000 Device ADA16-32/2(CB)F	- AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE
<pre>[Diagnosis] Initial result [0] Normality completion Analog input 32CH Input mothod:singleend CH00 [0] Normality completion DATA: 3.74(AFE4hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH01 [0] Normality completion DATA: 0.16(6200hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH02 [0] Normality completion DATA: 0.16(6200hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH02 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.70(7701hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH02 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.70(7701hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH03 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.70(7701hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH03 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.70(7701hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH03 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.36(7416hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH04 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.63(776Chex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH06 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.63(776Chex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH06 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.63(776Chex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH06 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.63(7506hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH08 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.63(7506hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH08 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.71(7084hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH10 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.71(7084hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH11 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.33(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH13 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.34(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH13 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.34(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH14 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.34(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH15 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.34(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH15 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.34(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH16 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.34(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH17 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.44(7A52hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH17 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.43(781hex) RANGE:-10 - +10V CH19 [0] Normality completion DATA: -0.43(782hex) RANGE:-1</pre>	[File Information] G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIO.DLL 1, G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CATOSE.E.OCX 1, G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CATOBEL.EXE 1, G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CATOP32.DLL 1, G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\DRIVERS\CAIO.SYS 1, G:\WINDOWS\SYSTEM32\CAIODIAG.EXE 1,	3, 0, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 0, 0, 1 2001/10/26 01:15 1, 3, 0 2003/05/29 01:13 1, 2, 0 2003/08/27 01:12 1, 2, 0 2003/10/31 01:30 1, 4, 0 2003/10/31 01:14
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- (2) The diagnosis report contains the following data.
 - Version of OS
 - Device Information
 - File Information
 - Initialization, interrupts, current input or output state for each channel

Setup Troubleshooting

Symptoms and Actions

Data output does not operate correctly

- Run the diagnosis program to check that the device is registered and whether any initialization errors have occurred.
- Is there a problem with the device settings, wiring, or similar? Check the output range setting.

The board works with the Diagnosis Program but not with an application.

The Diagnosis Program is coded with API-TOOL functions. As long as the board operates with the Diagnosis Program, it is to operate with other applications as well. In such cases, review your program while paying attention to the following points:

- Check the return values of the API functions.
- Refer to the source code for the sample programs.

The OS won't normally get started or detect the device.

Refer to the "Troubleshooting" section of API-AIO(WDM) HELP.

If your problem cannot be resolved

Contact your retailer.

3. External Connection

This chapter describes the interface connectors on the board and the external I/O circuits. Check the information available here when connecting an external device.

How to connect the connectors

Connector shape

To connect an external device to this board, plug the cable from the device into the interface connector (CN1) shown below.



* Please refer to chapter 1 for more information on the supported cable and accessories.

Figure 3.1. Interface Connector (CN1) Shape

Connector Pin Assignment

Pin Assignments of Interface Connector(CN1) <AO-1616L-LPE>

Analog Output 02	AO 02	50				25	AO 00	Analog Output 00
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	49			-	24	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 03	AO 03	48				23	AO 01	Analog Output 01
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	47	/			22	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 06	AO 06	46	50	1 - 22		21	AO 04	Analog Output 04
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	45	0017			20	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 07	AO 07	44				19	AO 05	Analog Output 05
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	43				18	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 10	AO 10	42				17	AO 08	Analog Output 08
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	41				16	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 11	AO 11	40				15	AO 09	Analog Output 09
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	39				14	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 14	AO 14	38				13	AO 12	Analog Output 12
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	37				12	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 15	AO 15	36				11	AO 13	Analog Output 13
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	35				10	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Output Control External Sampling Stop Trigger	OCESSPI	34				9	OCESSTI	Output Control External Sampling Start Trigger Input
Output Control External Sampling Clock Input	OCESCKI	33				8	DGND	Digital Ground
Digital Output 00	DO 00	32				7	DI 00	Digital Input 00
Digital Output 01	DO 01	31	26	-1		6	DI 01	Digital Input 01
Digital Output 02	DO 02	30				5	DI 02	Digital Input 02
Digital Output 03	DO 03	29	/	\cup		4	DI 03	Digital Input 03
Digital Ground	DGND	28				3	DGND	Digital Ground
Counter Clock Input	CNT CKI	27				2	CNT GCI	Counter Gate Control Input
Reserved (Counter Input)	Reserved	26				1	CNT CPO	Counter Count-up Pulse Output

Analog Output00 - Analog Output15	Analog output signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Ground	Common analog ground for analog I/O signals.
AO External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input for starting analog output sampling.
AO External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input for stopping analog output sampling.
AO External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input for analog output.
Digital Input00 - Digital Input03	Digital input signal.
Digital Output00 - Digital Output03	Digital output signal.
Counter Gate Control Input	Gate control input signal for counter.
Counter Up Clock Input	Count-up clock input signal for counter.
Counter Output	Counter output signal.
Digital Ground	Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs,
Reserved	Reserved pin.
N.C.	No connection to this pin.

Figure 3.2. Pin Assignments of Interface Connector (CN1) < AO-1616L-LPE >

- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground. Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
- If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
- Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.

Pin Assignments of Interface Connector <AO-1608L-LPE>

Analog Output 02	AO 02	50			25	AO 00	Analog Output 00
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	49			24	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 03	AO 03	48			23	AO 01	Analog Output 01
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	47	\sim	1	22	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 06	AO 06	46	50	25	21	AO 04	Analog Output 04
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	45			20	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Analog Output 07	AO 07	44			19	AO 05	Analog Output 05
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	43			18	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
	N.C.	42			17	N.C.	
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	41			16	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
	N.C.	40			15	N.C.	
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	39			14	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
	N.C.	38			13	N.C.	
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	37			12	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
	N.C.	36			11	N.C.	
Analog Ground (for AO)	AGND	35			10	AGND	Analog Ground (for AO)
Output Control External Sampling Stop Trigger	OCESSPI	34			9	OCESSTI	Output Control External Sampling Start Trigger
Output Control External Sampling Clock Input	OCESCKI	33			8	DGND	Digital Ground
Digital Output 00	DO 00	32			7	DI 00	Digital Input 00
Digital Output 01	DO 01	31	26	~1	6	DI 01	Digital Input 01
Digital Output 02	DO 02	30	\sim		5	DI 02	Digital Input 02
Digital Output 03	DO 03	29	~		4	DI 03	Digital Input 03
Digital Ground	DGND	28			3	DGND	Digital Ground
Counter Clock Input	CNT CKI	27			2	CNT GCI	Counter Gate Control Input
Reserved (Counter Input)	Reserved	26			1	CNT CPO	Counter Count-up Pulse Output

Analog Output00 - Analog Output07	Analog output signal. The numbers correspond to channel numbers.
Analog Ground	Common analog ground for analog I/O signals.
AO External Start Trigger Input	External trigger input for starting analog output sampling.
AO External Stop Trigger Input	External trigger input for stopping analog output sampling.
AO External Sampling Clock Input	External sampling clock input for analog output.
Digital Input00 - Digital Input03	Digital input signal.
Digital Output00 - Digital Output03	Digital output signal.
Counter Gate Control Input	Gate control input signal for counter.
Counter Up Clock Input	Count-up clock input signal for counter.
Counter Output	Counter output signal.
Digital Ground	Common digital ground for digital I/O signals, external trigger inputs,
Reserved	Reserved pin.
N.C.	No connection to this pin.

Figure 3.3. Pin Assignments of Interface Connector (CN1) < AO-1608L-LPE >

A CAUTION -

- Do not connect any of the outputs and power outputs to the analog or digital ground. Neither connect outputs to each other. Doing either can result in a fault.
- If analog and digital ground are shorted together, noise on the digital signals may affect the analog signals. Accordingly, analog and digital ground should be separated.
- Leave "Reserved" pins unconnected. Connecting these pins may cause a fault in the board.
Analog Output Signal Connection

This section shows how to connect the analog output signal by using a flat cable or a shielded cable.

The following figure shows an example of flat cable connection.

Connect the signal source and ground to the CN1 analog output.



Figure 3.4. Analog Output Connection (Flat Cable)

The following figure shows an example of shield cable connection. Use shielded cable if the distance between the signal source and board is long or if you want to provide better protection from noise. For each analog input channel on CN1, connect the core wire to the signal line and connect the shielding to ground.



Figure 3.5. Analog Output Connection (Shield Cable)

*1 The number of channels depends on each board. The AO-1616L-LPE has 16 channels; the AO-1608L-LPE has 8 channels.

A CAUTION

- When the power supply is turned on, the output voltage of all channels becomes 0 V.
- If the board or the connected wire receives noise, or the distance between the board and the target is long, data may not be outputted properly.
- For analog output signal, the current capacity is $\pm 3mA$ (Max.). Check the specification of the connected device before connecting the board.
- Do not short the analog output signal to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.
- Do not connect an analog output signal to any other analog output, either on the board or on an external device, as this may cause a fault on the board.

Digital I/O signals, Counter signals and Control signals Connection

The following sections show examples of how to connect digital I/O signals, counter I/O signals, and other control I/O signals (external trigger input signals, sampling clock input signals, etc.).

All the digital I/O signals and control signals are LVTTL level signals.



Figure 3.6. Digital Input Connection



Figure 3.7. Digital Output Connection

About the counter input signal control

Counter Gate Control Input (see "3. Connector Pin Assignment") allows the input of the external clock for the counter to be enabled and disabled. This function can be used to control the input of the external clock for the counter. When the input level is "High", the input of the external clock for the counter is enabled. It is, on the other hand, disabled, when the input level is "Low". Note that when it is not connected, the input level is set to "High" as the board (card) pins are pulled up. Therefore, the input of the external clock for the counter is enabled when it is not connected.

A CAUTION

Do not short the output signals to analog ground, digital ground, and/or power line. Doing so may damage the board.

Reference

For the operation timings for control signal input, see "Control Signal Timings" in Chapter 6 "Hardware".

4. Functions

This chapter describes the different functions that can be implemented using the hardware and driver together. Unless stated otherwise, the driver is assumed to be API-AIO(WDM).

Analog Output Function

The board converts digital data to analog signals according to the resolution.

You can set a variety of conditions for analog output, including the output channel, sampling period, and sampling start/stop conditions.

Analog output processes are classified as follows:



1. Setting the Conversion Conditions

First, set the conditions for executing analog output.

Resolution

"Resolution" signifies the number of bits used by an analog output device to represent analog signals. The higher the resolution, the more finely the voltage range is segmented, allowing the device to convert digital values to analog equivalents more precisely.

A device with a resolution of 12-bit divides the range width into 4096 segments.

When the device covers the range of 0 - 10V, the minimum unit of converted voltages is $10\div4096 \approx 2.44$ mV.

If the device has a resolution of 16-bit, it is $10 \div 65536 \approx 0.153 \text{mV}$ instead.





Low Resolution Board

High Resolution Board

AO-1616L-LPE: The resolution is 16-bit.AO-1608L-LPE: The resolution is 16-bit.

Channel

"Channel" represents each channel No. of analog output signal.

For channel numbers, see "How to connect the connectors" to "Connector Pin Assignment" in Chapter 3 "External Connection".

The channel selection specifies the channel number or the number of channels (channel consecutive from channel 0) in which it wants to convert DA.

Range

"Range" means the range of voltages at which analog output can be performed. Software setup of the range is not required as this board uses a fixed range of voltages.

AO-1616L-LPE	: ±10V
AO-1608L-LPE	: ±10V

4. Functions

Output data

Output data = ((Voltage – Min. range value) x Resolution) / (Max. range value – Min. range value)

The value of resolution for the 16-bit device is 65536.

The table below shows the relationship between output data and voltage in the $\pm 10V$ range.

Voltage	Output data(16-bit)	
+9.99970V	65535	
:	:	
0.00030V	32769	
0V	32768	
-0.00030V	32767	
:	:	
-10.000V	0	

Ex.: When 3V is output at a resolution of 16-bit in the $\pm 10V$ range

Output data = $(3 - (-10)) \times 65536 \div (10 - (-10))$ = 42598.4 *

* The value that can be set as output data at this time is an integer. Select "42598" or "42599" as the output data.

The analog signal corresponding to the output data contains an error as follows:

- Output data "42598" converted to: 2.9998 V

- Output data "42598" converted to: 3.0001 V

This error is a consequential error occurring when output data is obtained from an expected analog value.

4. Functions

Data transfer method

A device buffer mode is available, which uses the device's or driver's conversion data storage memory.

- Device buffer mode

The application output data is first stored in the device buffer (memory on the device itself or in the driver).

When conversion starts, the device starts outputting the output data.

The device buffer can operate as FIFO or RING memory.

The device buffer mode provides a function that allows the number of items of conversion data using the number of sampling times as a unit to set the number of items of conversion data directly using the voltage.



Device buffer mode

Memory format

This board uses device buffer transfer mode; it does not require software setup of the memory format.

Device buffer mode

- FIFO format

Use FIFO format if you wish to output a continuous arbitrary analog output like that shown below.



When using FIFO format, writing of conversion data to memory is always performed from after the most recent data and DA conversion is performed on the oldest data in memory.

You can write to memory during analog output operation.

An error occurs if the volume of data exceeds the memory size. However, this error does not stop analog output if it is in progress.



Ring format

Use ring format if you wish to output a repeated pattern like that shown below.



When using ring format, write the data for one complete cycle of the output waveform before starting operation.

You cannot write to the memory during its operation of analog output.

DA conversion data is output continuously in the sequence in which the ring format data is stored.



Analog output as Data0 - DataN

* Although the figure shows a single analog output channel, output from multiple channels is also possible.

Repeat

You can specify a repeat count to perform sampling for a specified number of times.



AO-1616L-LPE, AO-1608L-LPE

Memory must be set to ring format if a number of repetitions is to be specified.

(The number of repetitions cannot be specified for FIFO memory format.)

The number of repetitions is set by software and sampling is repeated for the specified number of times. You can also specify that operation continue indefinitely. If set to repeat indefinitely, analog output operation is stopped by outputting an analog output stop command by software.

Setting data

Use a software command to save the data in memory.

The figure below shows the relationship between the conversion data stored in memory and the sampling count and conversion channels.



The procedure for setting the conversion data is different depending on the memory format being used.

Procedure for FIFO format
 When using FIFO format, setting data to memory is always perfected

When using FIFO format, setting data to memory is always performed from the most recent data. New data can be added during conversion.



Procedure for RING format

When using ring format, a ring memory area large enough for the data to be set is reserved. Data cannot be modified during DA conversion.



4. Functions

Clock

The sampling clock controls the sampling frequency. You can select either the internal sampling clock, or external sampling clock. The sampling clock is selected by means of software.

- Internal sampling clock The clock signal from the on-board clock generator is used.
- External sampling clock

The edge of the digital signal input from an external device is used for the sampling clock.

Start Condition

The condition for controlling the start of sampling can be selected from among software, external trigger. The conditions for controlling the start and stop of sampling are completely independent of each other; they can be set separately.

- Software

The board starts sampling and storing input data to memory immediately after the operation start command is issued.

External trigger

The board starts waiting for an external control signal as soon as the operation start command is output.

Sampling and data transfer from memory start when the specified edge (rising edge or falling edge) is input from the external control signal.

Stop Condition

The condition for controlling the stop of sampling can be selected from among the last sampling count, an external trigger, and software abort.

The board stops sampling whenever an error occurs irrespective of the stop condition setting.

- Last sampling count

The board stops sampling after storing input data to memory for the specified number of times of sampling.

External trigger

The board starts waiting for an external control signal after the specified number of samples have been performed. Sampling stops when the specified edge (rising edge or falling edge) is input from the external control signal.

- Software

Sampling continues indefinitely in this mode. Sampling only stops in response to a software command or an error.

Event

"Event" works as a function for reporting the occurrence of a certain board state to the application. The following events can be used in combination depending on the specifications and purpose of the application.

- "DA conversion start condition satisfied" event This event occurs when the DA conversion start condition is satisfied. The event is nullified when the conversion start condition is "software".
- "Repeat end" event This even occurs whenever a repetition is completed.
- "End of device operation" event This event occurs when the entire operation including repetitions is completed.
- "Specified number of output samples complete" event
 This event occurs when the number of output samples specified by software have been completed.
 This event is used when the device buffer mode is used for data transfer.
- Specified number of transfers event
 This event occurs each time a specified number of samples (set by software) has been completed.
 When FIFO format is used, the event occurs when the remaining number of samples falls below a specified level. The event occurs repeatedly as long as this condition is satisfied.
 When ring memory format is used, the event occurs when the number of samples output from memory reaches a specified value. The event occurs for the specified number of repetitions.
 This event is used when the user buffer mode is used for data transfer.
- Sampling clock error event This event occurs when conversion stops as an error occurs due to a sampling clock period that is too short.
- DA conversion error event This event occurs when conversion stops due to a DA conversion error.

2. Starting/Stopping Operation

Analog output operation is started by a software command (the analog output start command). Similarly, you can stop analog output at any time using a software command (the analog output stop command).

3. Monitoring the Status and Acquiring Data

You can use a software command to check the status of analog output operation and of the output data stored in memory.

Status

The current state of the device can be checked by obtaining the device status. The following types of device status are available:

- Device operating

The "device operating" status remains ON, after the execution of the sampling start command until the board completes conversion, aborts operation due to an error, or stops sampling in response to the command.

- Waiting for start trigger

This status remains ON, after the board starts sampling until the start trigger is input, if the conversion start condition is an external trigger or level comparison. The status is set to OFF when the input trigger is input to start conversion.

The status is set to ON whenever the board enters the conversion start wait status even when repeated operation has been set.

- Specified number of data outputs This status turns ON when the output data set in memory has reached a predefined number of samples.
- Sampling clock error This error occurs when the sampling clock period is too short.
- DA conversion error

If the "device operating" status remains ON (without terminating conversion) for an extended period of time, the driver regards that state as an operation error and sets this status to ON. This error stops sampling.

Sampling

The number of sampled items of output data transferred from in memory can be obtained by the software command.

This command can only be used in device buffer mode.

4.Reset

Various states can be reset by executing the following reset commands:

Status

This command resets the sampling clock error status and AD conversion error status.

Memory

This can only be used when the transfer mode is set to device buffer mode. This command resets the following memory related states.

- Resets the conversion data in memory.
- Resets the repeat count to 0.
- Resets the sampling count to 0 when a stop trigger is input.
- Resets the status information for the specified data save count.

Counter Function

1. Setting the Operating Conditions

This specifies the conditions for counter operation.

Operating conditions

The basic operation of the counter is to count an external input signal.

The counter includes a function to detect a count match and perform a specified operation when the current count value reaches a preset count value.

Compare count values

The compare count load function automatically loads the next compare count value when a count match occurs.



The figure above shows an example of using the compare count load function.

After the counter starts, the first count match occurs when the count reaches 1000.

When the count reaches 1000, the counter value at which the second compare count match is to occur (2000) is set.

This continues with the next value from the array being set each time a count match occurs. After the final value from the array is loaded, operation can start again from the beginning of the array. Alternatively, loading can be halted (in which case, the compare count value remains at 2000).

Input signal

The external clock can be used as the counter input signal.

Digital filter

A digital filter can be used on external input bits. The filter time can be set to "don't use", $1\mu s$ by software.



Event

The event function notifies the application when something occurs on the device. The following events can be used as required.

- Compare count match event This event is triggered when a compare match occurs on the counter.
- Count overrun event This event is triggered when a counter overrun occurs.
- Counter operation error
 This event is triggered when a counter operation error causes the counter to stop.

2. Starting/Stopping Operation

Starting and stopping the counter are performed using software commands. Once the counter has started, it can be stopped at any time by a software command.

3. Monitoring the Status and Acquiring Data

Software commands can be used to monitor the device operating status and read counter data. Status monitoring and data acquisition can both be performed while the counter is running.

Status

The current state of the device can be checked by obtaining the device status. The following types of device status are available:

- Counter operating

The device operating status is ON from the time the operation start command is executed until operation stops due to a stop command or error.

- Compare count match

The compare count match status turns ON when a count match occurs after the counter is started. The status is turned OFF by the status reset command.

- Overrun

The overrun status turns ON if another count match occurs when the compare count match status is already ON. The status is turned OFF by the status reset command. Even if the overrun status turns ON, this does not stop the counter.

 Counter operation error Execution of driver processing may not be able to keep up if multiple count match events occur within a short time period.

In this case, the counter operation error status turns ON and counter operation stops.

Data acquisition

The current count value can be read using a software command.

4.Reset

Various states can be reset by executing the following reset commands:

Counter reset

Resets the counter. This restores the counter to its state after power on.

Status

Resets the compare count match status and overrun status.

Digital Input Function

Input bit

Individual digital input points are called input bits. When the number of input points of a device is 4, the bits are determined as bit 0 - bit 3.

Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
-------	-------	-------	-------

Input in Bits

The state 1 (ON) or 0 (OFF) of each input bit can be obtained by specifying the bit.

Input in Bytes

Individual input bits can be input in byte units.

When the number of input points of the device is 4, the individual input bits are arranged as shown below and the byte data to be input is a value between 0 - 15 depending on the states of the bits.

EX. Input of bit 3 (OFF), bit 2 (ON), bit 1 (OFF), bit 0 (ON)

Byte data = 05(5H)

Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
0(OFF)	1(ON)	0(OFF)	1(ON)

Digital filter

A digital filter can be used on the input bits.

The filter time can be set to "don't use", 1μ s by software.

Digital Output Function

Output bit

Individual digital output points are called output bits. When the number of output points of a device is 4, the bits are determined as bit 0 - bit 3.



Output in Bits

The state of each output bit can be changed to ON or OFF by specifying the bit and setting it to 1 or 0.

Output in Bytes

Individual output bits can be output in byte units.

When the number of output points of the device is 4, the individual output bits are arranged as shown below and byte data to be output is a value between 0 and 15.

Ex. Output of bit 3 (ON), bit 2 (OFF), bit 1 (ON), bit 0 (OFF)

Byte data = 10(AH)

Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0
1(ON)	0(OFF)	1(ON)	0(OFF)

5. About Software

١

CD-ROM Directory Structure

– Autorun.exe	Installer Main Window
Readmej.html Readmeu.html	Version information on each API-TOOL (Japanese) Version information on each API-TOOL (English)
APIPAC AIO DISK1 DISK2 DISKN AioWdm CNT DIO 	Each installer
HELP Aio Cnt 	HELP file
INF WDM Win2000 Win95	Each INF file for OS
linux cnt dio 	Linux driver file
—Readme	Readme file for each driver
Release API_NT API_W95	Driver file on each API-TOOL (For creation of a user-specific install program)
UsersGuide	Hardware User's Guide(PDF files)

About Software for Windows

The bundled CD-ROM "Driver library API-PAC(W32)" contains the functions that provide the following features:

- Analog input or output through arbitrary channels
- Analog input at arbitrary intervals using the internal or external sampling clock
- Simultaneous monitoring of the termination of analog input sampling, buffer memory usage, and interrupt events such as occurrences of errors
- Driver option check using a demo driver even without the board installed

For details, refer to the help file. The help file provides various items of information such as "Function Reference", "Sample Programs", "Tutorial", "FAQs" and "Troubleshooting". Use them for program development and troubleshooting.

Accessing the Help File

- (1) Click on the [Start] button on the Windows taskbar.
- (2) From the Start Menu, select "Programs" "CONTEC API-PAC(W32)" "AIOWDM" "API-AIO(WDM) HELP" to display help information.



Using Sample Programs

Sample programs are provided for each of the basic operations. You can use these to check the operation of the board and as a reference when writing your own programs.

To use the sample programs, specify the device name in the property page for the program.

The sample programs are stored in \Program Files\CONTEC\API-PAC(W32)\AIOWDM\Samples.



Running a Sample Program

- (1) Click on the [Start] button on the Windows taskbar.
- (2) From the Start Menu, select "Programs" "CONTEC API-PAC(W32)" "AIOWDM" "SAMPLE...".
- (3) A sample program is invoked.

Sample Programs - Exam	nples
Analog input	
Simple sample program	
- SingleAi	Perform single analog input from specified channel
- MultiAi	Perform single analog input from multiple channels
Device buffer	
- Ai	Perform standard analog input using a FIFO buffer
- AiPoll	Perform standard analog input by polling
- AiEx	Perform analog input for multiple channels using a FIFO buffer
- AiExt	Perform analog input using an external clock
- AiTrg	Perform analog input using an external trigger to start and stop operation
- AiLevel1	Use a level trigger to start analog input
- AiLevel2	Use a level trigger to stop analog input
- Ai2	Perform standard analog input using more than one device
- AiCall	Perform analog input using a callback routine
-AiSync1	Perform multi-channel analog input using two devices
User buffer	
- AiUser1	Perform analog input for a specified duration using a user buffer
- AiUser2	Perform analog input indefinitely using a user buffer
Digital I/O	
- DioBit	Perform digital I/O using bit values
- DioByte	Perform digital I/O using port values
Others	
- Convert	Data conversion
- Multi1	Synchronized analog I/O

Usage of Utility Program

Program for Measurement of Function Execution Speed

The execution time of some main functions can be measured in a function execution speed measurement program. To use a function execution speed measurement program, click the [execution time measurement] button in the diagnostic program.

CATOSPEC	-LPE	The name of the board you have just added is displayed.
Analog Input AioSingle Ai Channles AioMulti Ai	Analog Output AioSingle Ao Channels AioMultiAo	- AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE AioInputDiByte
Data 1 * 1024 AioGetAiSamplingData	Data 1 * 1024 AioSetAoSamplingData	AioOutputDoBit AioOutputDoByte
Information AioSingleAian executive speed	is 113.10 micro second	End

Procedure

- (1) Chose the measure device from device list.
- (2) Click the button written with the function name to measure the execution speed of the function. Please choose from a list the number of channels used for conversion in function AioMultiAi and AioMultiAo. Input the transmission data size in function AioGetAiSamplingData and AioSetAoSamplingData. The transmission data is set by unit of kByte.
- (3) End the application with an [end] button.

Analog Output Measurement Tool

It is an analog output measurement utility to carry out infinity sample in the FIFO memory. Once the conversion data of memory accumulates to a certain quantity, the event occurs and new output data is added. Data in the FIFO memory can be confirmed visually.

The number of channels used, the internal/external clock, the conversion speed, the sampling frequency at which an event generates and number of the samplings to be added can be set. Since the notification of a sampling clock error event is sent, please make use of it for the conversion spec measurement under various conversion conditions.

🐯 Measuring Analog (Dutput	X	
Device AI0001 ADA Setting Start Stop Program End FIFO Image	16-8/2(LPCI)L Channels Sampling Clock Sampling Number in FIFO Event Times Additional Sampling Times	1 20 167806 115 198195	The name of the board you have just added is displayed. - AO-1616L-LPE - AO-1608L-LPE
0K Information Measuring		256K	1k

Procedure

- (1) Chose the device name of the device to be used from the upper left combo box, and click the setting button.
- (2) The conversion conditions are set on the screen of the setting analog output.

Once an output is done at the sampling frequency specified as data setting sampling frequency, an event occurs and data will be added. Click the OK button to finish setting the conditions, and returns to former screen.

Setting Analog Output	×
Channels 1~2	1
ClockType	Internal C External
Sampling Clock	1000 usec
Add Data	500 Sampling Point
Add Sampling	1000
	OK

(3) Start the measurement with measurement start button. The various states during the conversion are displayed.

The number of the samplings in FIFO is : It is conversion data set in the memory. This can be visually checked in a "memory image".

Event generation sampling frequency :

When the number of unoutput sampling in FIFO reaches this frequency, the event generates.

Adding sampling frequency :

It is the number of samplings of output data to be added during the event.

Measurement may stop by the following errors.

Sampling clock error :

It means that the conversion speed is too fast and the driver processing is not in time when converting at the internal clock.

The cycle of the clock is too fast when converting it at the external clock. Moreover, the cause by noise etc. is also concerned.

(4) Click the "stop" button, and measurement stops.

Uninstalling the Driver Libraries

The method used to uninstall API-PAC(W32) differs depending on which OS you are using. Follow the procedure given below.

Uninstall procedure for Windows Vista

- < Uninstalling the device driver >
- 1. Run Device Manager. From [My Computer] [Control Panel], select [System] and then select the [Device Manager] tab.

(You can also open Device Manager by right clicking on My Computer and selecting Properties.)

 All of the hardware that uses the API-TOOL(WDM) driver is registered under the CONTEC Devices tree.

Open the device tree, select the hardware to uninstall, and then right-click the hardware. From the popup menu, select [Uninstall].



3. A dialog box opens asking you to confirm whether to uninstall. Select the [Delete the driver software for this device] checkbox, and then click [OK].



< Uninstall the development environment >

Use [My Computer] - [Control Panel] - [Programs and Features] to uninstall the development environment.

Select [CONTEC API-***(WDM) VerX.XX (development environment)] and then click [Uninstall].

* "***" contains the driver category name (AIO, CNT, DIO, SMC, etc.).



Uninstall procedure for Windows XP and Windows 2003 Server

< Uninstall the device driver >

Use [My Computer] - [Control Panel] - [Add and Remove Programs] to uninstall the device driver. Select [Windows driver package - CONTEC (****)] and then click [Change/Remove].

* "***" contains the driver category name (caio, ccnt, cdio, csmc, etc.).

🐻 Add or Re	move Programs			
Charles of	Currently installed programs:	Sort by:	Name	*
Remove Programs	Windows Driver Package - CDNTEC (calo) Contec (01/31/2007 3.0.0.0) Gld. here for support information.			
Add New Programs	To change this program or remove it from your computer, click Change/Remove.		Change/8	Remove
				Close

< Uninstall the development environment >

Use [My Computer] - [Control Panel] - [Add and Remove Programs] to uninstall the development environment.

Select [CONTEC API-***(WDM) VerX.XX (development environment)] and then click [Change/Remove].

* "***" contains the driver category name (AIO, CNT, DIO, SMC, etc.).

🐻 Add or Re	emov	e Programs	
5	^	Currently installed programs:	Sort by: Name
C <u>h</u> ange or Remove	Ξ	🐯 CONTEC API-AIO(WDM) Ver3.00 (Develop)	Size <u>52.44MB</u>
Programs	J	Click here for support information.	Used <u>rarely</u>
6		To remove this program from your computer, click Remove,	Last Used On 1/22/2007
Add <u>N</u> ew Programs	~	-	Reniove

Uninstall procedure for Windows Me

< Uninstall the device driver >

Use [My Computer] - [Control Panel] - [Add and Remove Applications] to uninstall the device driver. Select [CONTEC API-***(WDM) driver] and then click [Add/Remove].

* "***" contains the driver category name (AIO, CNT, DIO, SMC, etc.).

< Uninstall the development environment >

Use [My Computer] - [Control Panel] - [Add and Remove Programs] to uninstall the development environment.

Select [CONTEC API-***(WDM) VerX.XX (development environment)] and then click [Add/Remove].

* "***" contains the driver category name (AIO, CNT, DIO, SMC, etc.).

Uninstall procedure for Windows 98, 98SecondEdition

< Uninstall the device driver >

Use [My Computer] - [Control Panel] - [Add and Remove Applications] to uninstall the device driver. Select [CONTEC API-***(WDM) driver] and then click [Add/Remove].

* "***" contains the driver category name (AIO, CNT, DIO, SMC, etc.).

< Uninstall the development environment >

Use [My Computer] - [Control Panel] - [Add and Remove Applications] to uninstall the development environment.

Select [CONTEC API-***(WDM) VerX.XX (development environment)] and then click [Add/Remove].

* "***" contains the driver category name (AIO, CNT, DIO, SMC, etc.).

About Software for Linux

The Linux version of analog I/O function driver, API-AIO(LNX), provides functions that execute the following features:

- Analog input and output of the specified channel can be done.
- A setup parameter to the analog input and output board is kept by the default value, and it can work without a setup of the parameter.

For details, refer to the help file. The help file provides various items of information such as "Function Reference", "Sample Programs", and "FAQs". Use them for program development and troubleshooting.

Driver Software Install Procedure

The Linux version for analog I/O driver, API-AIO(LNX), is supplied as a compressed file /linux/aio/caioXXX.tgz on the bundled API-PAC(W32)CD-ROM. (Note: XXX represents the driver version.)

Mount the CD-ROM as shown below, copy the file to an arbitrary directory, and decompress the file to install the driver.

For details on using the driver, refer to readme.txt and the help file in HTML format extracted by installation.

To install the driver, log in as a superuser.

Decompression and setup procedure

```
# cd
 # mount /dev/cdrom /mnt/cdrom
                                                 Mount the CD-ROM.
 # cp /mnt/cdrom/linux/aio/caioXXX.tgz ./ Copy the compressed file.
 # tar xvfz caioXXX.tgz
                                                 Decompress the compressed file.
 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
 # cd contec/caio
 # make
                                                 Compile the file.
 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
 # make install
                                                 Install.
 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .
 # cd config
 # ./config
                                                 Set up the board to be used.
..... Set as follows .....
 # ./contec_aio_start.sh
                                                 Start the driver.
# cd
```

Accessing the Help File

- (1) Invoke a web browser in your X-Window environment.
- (2) In the browser, open apitool.htm in the contec/caio/help directory.

Using Sample Programs

Sample programs have been prepared for specific basic applications.

Sample programs for each language are contained in the contec/caio/samples directory. For compiling them, refer to the manual for the desired language.

Uninstalling the driver

To uninstall the driver, use the uninstall shell script contained in the contec/caio directory. For details, check the contents of the script.

6. About Hardware

This chapter provides hardware specifications and hardware-related supplementary information.

For detailed technical information

For further detailed technical information ("Technical Reference" including the information such as an I/O map, configuration register, etc.), visit the Contec's web site to call for it.

Hardware specification

AO-1616L-LPE

Table 6.1. Specification < AO-1616L-LPE >

Item		Specification	
Analog output			
	Isolated specification	Unisolated	
	Number of output	16ch	
	channels		
	Output range	Bipolar ±10V	
	Absolute max. output	±3mA	
	currency		
	Output impedance	1Ω or less	
	Resolution	16bit	
	Non-Linearity error *1	±5LSB	
	Conversion speed	10µ sec	
	Buffer memory	1k Word	
	Conversion start trigger	Software / external trigger	
	Conversion stop trigger	Number of sampling times / external trigger/software	
	External start signal	LVTTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)	
		Digital filter (1µ sec can be selected by software)	
	External stop signal	LVTTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)	
		Digital filter (1µ sec can be selected by software)	
	External clock signal	LVTTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)	
Digital I/O			
	Number of input channels	Unisolated input 4ch (LVTTL-level positive logic)	
	Number of output channels	Unisolated output 4ch (LVTTL-level positive logic)	
Co	Counter		
	Number of channels	1ch	
	Counting system	Up count	
	Max. count	FFFFFFFh (Binary data,32bit)	
	Number of external inputs	2 LVTTL-level (Gate/Up)/ch	
		Gate (High level), Up (Rising edge)	
	Number of external outputs	LVTTL-level Count match output (positive logic, pulse output)	
	Response frequency	10MHz (Max.)	
Common section			
	I/O address	64 ports	
	Interruption level	Errors and various factors, One interrupt request line as INTA	
	Connector	10250-52A2JL[3M]	
	Power consumption (Max.)	3.3VDC 310mA 12VDC 410mA	
	Operating condition	0 - 50°C, 10 - 90%RH (No condensation)	
	Bus specification	PCI Express Base Specification Rev. 1.0a x1	
	Dimension (mm)	121.69 (L) x 67.90 (H)	
	Weight	70g	

*1: The non-linearity error means an error of approximately 0.1% occurs over the maximum range at 0°C and 50°C ambient temperature.

Board Dimensions



The standard outside dimension(L) is the distance from the end of the board to the outer surface of the slot cover.

AO-1608L-LPE

Table 6.2. Specification < AO-1608L-LPE >

Item		Specification	
Analog output			
	Isolated specification	Unisolated	
	Number of output channels	8ch	
	Output range	Bipolar ±10V	
	Absolute max. output	±3mA	
	currency		
	Output impedance	1Ω or less	
	Resolution	16bit	
	Non-Linearity error *1	±5LSB	
	Conversion speed	10µ sec	
	Buffer memory	1k Word	
	Conversion start trigger	Software / external trigger	
	Conversion stop trigger	Number of sampling times / external trigger/software	
	External start signal	LVTTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)	
		Digital filter (1µ sec can be selected by software)	
	External stop signal	LVTTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)	
		Digital filter (1µ sec can be selected by software)	
	External clock signal	LVTTL-level (Rising or falling edge can be selected by software)	
Digital I/O			
	Number of input channels	Unisolated input 4ch (LVTTL-level positive logic)	
	Number of output channels	Unisolated output 4ch (LVTTL-level positive logic)	
Counter			
	Number of channels	lch	
	Counting system	Up count	
	Max. count	FFFFFFFh (Binary data,32bit)	
	Number of external inputs	2 LVTTL-level (Gate/Up)/ch	
		Gate (High level), Up (Rising edge)	
	Number of external outputs	LVTTL-level Count match output (positive logic, pulse output)	
	Response frequency	10MHz (Max.)	
Common section			
	I/O address	64 ports	
	Interruption level	Errors and various factors, One interrupt request line as INTA	
	Connector	10250-52A2JL[3M]	
	Power consumption (Max.)	3.3VDC 300mA 12VDC 300mA	
	Operating condition	0 - 50°C, 10 - 90%RH (No condensation)	
	Bus specification	PCI Express Base Specification Rev. 1.0a x1	
	Dimension (mm)	121.69 (L) x 67.90 (H)	
	Weight	70g	

*1: The non-linearity error means an error of approximately 0.1% occurs over the maximum range at 0° C and 50° C ambient temperature.

Board Dimensions



Block Diagram

Figure 6.1 - 6.2 is a circuit block diagram of this board.

AO-1616L-LPE



Figure 6.1. Block Diagram < AO-1616L-LPE >

AO-1608L-LPE



Figure 6.2. Block Diagram < AO-1608L-LPE >
Control Signal Timings

Control Signal Timings for Analog Output

Figures 6.3, 6.4, 6.5, and Table 6.3 show the control signal timings for the analog output function.





Figure 6.5. Timing Chart of Sampling Stop Control Signal

Table 6.3. Control Signal Timings

Parameter	Symbol	Time	Unit
Delay from external sampling clock to actual start	tdec	100	nsec
Settling time	tws	10000	nsec
Set up time of sampling start (Rising edge)	tsrs	100	nsec
Hold time of sampling start (Rising edge)	thrs	100	nsec
Set up time of sampling start (Falling edge)	tsfs	100	nsec
Hold time of sampling start (Falling edge)	thfs	100	nsec
Set up time of sampling stop (Rising edge)	tsrp	100	nsec
Hold time of sampling stop (Rising edge)	thrp	100	nsec
Set up time of sampling stop (Falling edge)	tsfp	100	nsec
Hold time of sampling stop (Falling edge)	thfp	100	nsec

A CAUTION -

The times listed in Table 6.3 are for standard operating conditions.

Control Signal Timings for Counter

Figures 6.6, 6.7, and Table 6.4 show the control signal timings for the analog input function.

Counter Up Pulse Input



Figure 6.6. Timing Chart of Counter Input Signal

Counter Compair Output

Figure 6.7. Timing Chart of Counter Output Signal (Pulse output)

Table 6.4.	Control	Signal	Timings
1 abic 0.4.	Control	Jightan	1 mmgs

Parameter	Symbol	Time	Unit
Set up time of counter input signal (Rising edge)	tsrc	100	nsec
Hold time of counter input signal (Rising edge)	thrc	100	nsec
Pulse width of counter output signal	tpsc	1000	nsec

A CAUTION -

The times listed in Table 6.4 are for standard operating conditions.

About Calibration

Although this board is calibrated before shipping, you can use the calibration program to calibrate analog input and output yourself.

Starting the calibration program

Click the [Calibration] button on the property page for the device to start the calibration program.

General Common Settings Driver The name of the I Settine You have just add displayed. - AO-1616L-LPH Board ID 0 - AO-1608L-LPH	
	board ded is E
Diagnosis Calibration	

Proceed with connecting the calibration equipment and performing the calibration in accordance with the instructions displayed by the calibration program.

Analog output calibration

Analog output calibration requires a digital multimeter.

As the analog output has 16-bit resolution, use a multimeter with a precision of at least 5 digits after the decimal point.

Calibrate each channel separately for each range that you use.

Factory setting

You can use the calibration program to restore the factory calibration settings.

Difference from DA16-16(LPCI)L, DA16-8(LPCI)L

AO-1616L-LPE, DA16-16(LPCI)L

The functions same with conventional product of DA16-16(LPCI)L are provided with the AO-1616L-LPE. In addition, as there is compatibility in terms of connector shape and pin assignments, it is easy to migrate from the existing system. So you can use the same operating procedures as DA16-16(LPCI)L.

	AO-1616-LPE	DA16-16(LPCI)L
Power consumption	+3.3VDC 310 mA (Max.)	+5VDC 1100 mA (Max.)
Dere ere di Caratian	PCI Express Base	PCI (32-bit, 33MHz,
Bus specification	Specification Rev. 1.0a x1	Universal key shapes supported)
External start	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
signal		
External stop signal	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
External clock	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
signal		
Digital	LVTTL-level positive logic	TTL-level positive logic
Input/Output		
External Counter	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
Input/Output		
Dimension (mm)	121.69(L) x 67.90(H)	121.69(L) x 63.41(H)
Weight	70g	60g

There are some differences in specifications as shown below.

AO-1608L-LPE, DA16-8(LPCI)L

The functions same with conventional product of DA16-8(LPCI)L are provided with the AO-1608L-LPE. In addition, as there is compatibility in terms of connector shape and pin assignments, it is easy to migrate from the existing system. So you can use the same operating procedures as DA16-8(LPCI)L.

There are some differences in specifications as shown below.

	AO-1608L-LPE	DA16-8(LPCI)L
Power consumption	+3.3VDC 300 mA (Max.)	+5VDC 850 mA (Max.)
Bus specification	PCI Express Base Specification Rev. 1.0a x1	PCI (32-bit, 33MHz, Universal key shapes supported)
External start signal	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
External stop signal	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
External clock signal	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
Digital Input/Output	LVTTL-level positive logic	TTL-level positive logic
External Counter Input/Output	LVTTL-level	TTL-level
Dimension (mm)	121.69(L) x 67.90(H)	121.69(L) x 63.41(H)
Weight	70g	60g

AO-1616L-LPE AO-1608L-LPE

User's Guide

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